SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR



Syllabus for the Entrance Examination for Admission to the M. A. Course

(In force from the Examination to be held in June/July, 2000 and onwards.)

Price: Rs. 25 -

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M. A. Entrance Examination

Admission Rules

Eligibility: Any graduate of any faculty (Other than B. A.) of this University or its equivalent

Conditions

- The Entrance Examination will be held by the University at Kolhapur Centre only. The eligible candidates shall have to apply for the Entrance Examination before the dates prescribed.
- 2. The Entrance Examination will be held in the month of May/June
- The application form shall have to be submitted directly to the University alongwith the examination fee Rs. 300/-.
- The question-paper for each subject will carry 100 marks and will be of 3 hours duration.
- Candidates securing not less than 45% of marks in the Entrance Examination will be held eligible to take admission to the M. A. course in the subject.
- A candidate, intending to appear for the M. A. examination Through Distance Education after passing the Entrance Examination, shall have to register his/her name with the University before the prescribed dates.
- i) A candidate, passing the Entrance Examination in a subject, shall be allowed only to offer the same subject at his/her M. A. Examination.
 - ii) If a candidate is desirous to appear for the M. A. examination with change in subject he/she is required to pass the M. A. Entrance Examination in that particular subject again and then only he/she can avail of the facility of Regulation M. A. 6.
 - iii) A candidate shall have to offer only one subject for the Entrance Examination.

- A candidate will have to give option of answering questions in any of the subjects other than Languages, either in Marathi or in English.
- A candidate, who desires to appear for M. A. examination Through distance mode after passing the Entrance Examination, is required to satisfy the rules and conditions laid down for Distance Education registration.
- 10. A candidate, who desires to appear for the M. A. Distace Education, examination shall have to select only those subjects for which teaching is provided to the regular students of this university and for which practical work is not required.
- A candidate, who has passed B. Com. examination, need not give the Entrance Examination for admission to M. A. Economics subject only.
- A candidate has to abide by these conditions as well as the instructions given in the enclosed prescribed from.

M. A. English (Entrance Examination) NEW SYLLABUS

Total Marks- 100

Unit No.1		Reading Comprehension
	1.	Prose

2. Poetry

Unit No. 2 A Study of major literary forms

- 1. The Novel
- 2. The Drama
- 3. The Poetry

Unit No. 3 Essay Writing

- 1. Informative
- 2. Imaginative
- 3. 'Reflective
- 4. Analytical

Unit No. 4 Grammar

- 1. The Study of articles, and tenses
- 2. Use of prepositions
- 3. The Study of tenses
- 4. Active coice Passive voice
- 5. Remove 'too'
- The Study of interrogative, assertive, negative, sentences
- 7. As soon as................No sooner than
- 8. The Study of Degree
- 9. The Study of subordinate conjunction

Pattern of Question Paper

Total Marks- 100 Comperhension of a prose Passage with the help of 15 Marks Q.1 questions testing the literancy aptitude of students 15 Marks Comprehension of a piece of poetry B 30 Marks A study of major literary forms Q.2The Novel 1 The Drama 2 The Poetry 3 (2/3 essay type questions will be set) An essay in about 500 words on any one of the 20 Marks Q.3 followings topics 10 Marks Use of articles, prepositions and tenses Q.4 (Fill in the blank type of items) Do as directed В Change the voice 1 Remove 'too' 2 Make interrogative As soon as......No sooner than Exclamation 5 Change the degree. 6 7 Assertive Negation 8 Affirmation 9 Use of subordinate/coordinate conjuctions Recommended Books R. J. Rees, English Literature An Introduction for Foreighn Readers- Mcmilan K. R. Shrinivas lyengar & Prema Nandumar 2 Introdution to the Study of English Literature Thomson & Martinet, A Practical English Grammar, (E. L. B. S.) 3 B. Prasad, A Background to the study of English Literature 4 V. S. Seturaman, C. T. Indra & T. Shriraman Ced Practical Criticism Note :- Minimum 40% marks are required for passing

२. मराठी

- निबंधलेखन
 गुण ३०
 विविध पाच विषयावर निबंध विचारले जतील त्यापैकी एक विषय वाड्मयीन
 स्वस्पाचा असेल, विचारलेल्या विषयापैकी एका विषयावर निबंध लेखन करणेचे
 आहे.
- मराठी वाड्मयाच्या इतिहासाची स्थूल रूपरेषा पुढील साहित्यिकांच्या आधारे
 अ) प्राचीन
 गुण २०
 - १) ज्ञानेश्वर, २) नामदेव, ३) एकनाथ, ४) तुकाराम, ५) रामदास
 - ब) अर्वाचीन गुण २०
 - कांदबरी: १) बाबा पद्मनजी, २) मो. ग. रागणेकरं, ३) कुसुमावती
 देशपांडे
 - २) नाटक : १) किर्लोस्कर, २) मो. ग. रांगेणेकर, ३) विजय तेंडूलकर
 - ३) कथा: १) गंगाधर गाडगीळ, २) शंकर पाटील, ३) द. मा. मिरासदार
 - ४) काव्य: १) बालकवी, २) भा. रा. तांबे, ३) नारायण सुर्वे
 - (बरील अ व ब या विभागावर प्रत्येकी २० गुणांचे दोन प्रश्न अंतर्गत विकल्पासह विचारले जातील०
- कथा, कादंबरी, नाटक अथवा काव्य या वाङ्मयप्रकारापैकी एका वाङ्मयप्रकारातील संग्रह । संपादन अशा स्वरुपाचे पाठ्यपुस्तक नेमण्यात यावे व त्यावर प्रत्येकी १५ गुणांचे दोन प्रश्न अंतर्गत विल्पासह विचारले जातील.
 (गुण १५ अधिक १५)
 - नेमलेले पाठ्यपुस्तक रसयात्रा-कुसुमाग्रज, संपा, बोरकर, वैठ्य संदर्भग्रंथ
 - १) पाच संत कवी शं. गो. तुळपुळे
 - २) प्राचीन मराठी वाड्मयाचे स्वरूप ह. श्री. शेणोलीकर

- ३) प्राचीन मराठी वाड्मयाचा इतिहास ल. रा. निसराबादकर
- ४) मराठी वाड्मयाचा विवेचक इतिहास खंड १ व २ प्र.न.जोशी
- ५) आधुनिक मराठी वाड्मयाचा इतिहास भाग १ व २ अ. ना. देशपांडे
- ६) प्रदक्षिणा-कॉन्टिनेन्टल प्रकाशन.

३. हिंदी

- १. निबंधलेखन: हिंदी भाषा तथा साहित्यसे संबंधित पांच विषयोंमेंसे एक विषयपर निबंध लेखन।
- २. हिंन्दी साहित्य के इतिहास का सामान्य परिचय : निम्नलिखित साहित्यकारों के आधारपर।

अ) प्राचीन कवि

- १) कबीर २) सूरदास ३) तुलसीदास ४) मीराबाई ५) बिहारी ६) भूषण
- ब) आधुनिक कवि
- १) जयशंकर प्रसाद २) सुमित्रानंद पंत ३) सुर्यकांत त्रिपाठी निराला
- ४) महादेवी वर्मा ५) हरिवंशराय बच्चन ६) रामधारीसिंह दिनकर नाटककार - १) प्रेमचंद २) यशपाल ३) कमलेश्वर ४) राजेंद्र यादव
- पाठचपुस्तक: उपन्यास, कहानी, नाटक अथवा कविता इन विधाओं मेसे किसी एक विधाकी पाठचपुस्तक नियुक्त की जाए और उसपर दो प्रश्न पूँछे जाईं: इनमें एक प्रश्न निबंधात्मक (अंतर्गत विकल्पके साथ) पूछा जाए औ दूसरा प्रश्न टिपणियों का पूच्छा जाए।

पाठ्यपुस्तक

विधा उपन्यास : अनबीता व्यतीत, कमलेश्वर

Books Recommended 3) हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास - हजारीप्रसाद द्विवेदी हिंदी साहित्य : युग और प्रवृत्तियाँ - शिवकुमार शर्मा ?) १२५ हिंदी निंबध-लेखन-तनसुखराम गुप्त प्रकाशक- सूर्य प्रकाशन, नड्ड सडक, 3) दिल्ली। हिंदी साहित्य का इतिहास - लेखक- लक्ष्मीसागर वार्ष्णेय 8) प्रश्नपत्र का स्वरूप प्रश्न १ : पाँच विषयेंमेंसे किसी एक विषयपर निबंध । 20 प्रश्न २ : अ विभाग पर अंतर्गत विकल्पके साथ निबंधात्मक प्रश्न 20 प्रश्न ३ : ब विभागपर अंतर्गत विकल्प के साथ निबंधात्मक प्रश्न । 20 प्रश्न ४: नियुक्त पाठचपुस्तकपर निबंधात्मक प्रश्न 20 (अंतर्गत विल्पक के साथ) प्रश्न ५ : टिपणियाँ लिखिए । (३में से २ पर) 20 (नियुक्त पाठचपुस्तकपर आधारित टिपणियाँ।) ४. संस्कृत 3) अ) General Knowledge of the following works: 40 ऋग्वेद, मंडकोपनिषद ब) General Knowledge of the works of the following authors: भास, कालिदास, शृहक, भवभूमी, बाणभट्ट, जयदेव. २) श्रीमद्भगवद्गीता

३) नीतिशतक

30

20

5. KANNADA

Section-I

Study of the Prescribed Portion of three Texts each to represent old, Medieval and Modern Kannada Poetry.

Section-II

- Vaddaradhane D. L. Darasimhachav 1)
- Prabhulinga Leele R. C. Hiremath 2)
- Kattuvevu Naavu Gopal Krishna Adiga. 3)

SCHEME OF MARKS

Section-I

1) One question of each of the texts with internal option regarding critical evaluation of the work and style. 45

15 + 15 + 15One question on reference to context.

Section-II

15

21

2

- One question on the trends and the movements of the Kannada .3) Literary - History.
 - To identify the Authoris and their works

6. URDU

The following portion is prescribed.

- Essay on Literary and General topics.
- Translation. (English into Urdu)

It should not be about 100 words and should be as far as pos sible roun whole in its thought contents.

- Translation: (Urdu into English)
- Paraphrase:

2)

The student is expected to understand the meaning of a given poem.

Precis-Writing: The student is expected to make 1/3 (One-third) of the given passage.

Distribution of Marks

1.	Essay		30 Marks
2.	Translation		20 Marks
3.	Translation		20 Marks
4.	Paraphrase		15 Marks
5.	Precis-Writing		15 Marks

7. ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE & ARCHAEOLOGY

1. SOURCES:

Archaeological Sources

- Inscriptions, coins, excavated remains
- Literary sources
- Hindu literature, Jaina literature, Buddhist literature,
 Traveller's accounts.

2. PREHISTORIC AND PROTOHISTORIC INDIA:

- Palaeolithic and Mesolithic Age
- Neolithic / Chalcolithic Age.
- Cultural development during Prehistoric and protohistoric » period.

3. INDUS VALLEY CIVILIZATION:

- Town planning
- Social, economic and religious life
- Legacy of Indus valley civilization.

	(10)			
4.	VEDICAGE:			
-	God and Goddesses			
	Sacrifice system			
	Social conditions			
-	Varnashramas			
-	Samskaras			
-	Position of Women			
-	Economic conditions			
5.	JAIN1SM AND BUDDHISM:			
-	Life of Mahavir and Gautam Buddha			
-	Their teaching			
-	Sects in Jainism and Buddhism.			
6.	PRE-MAURYAN PERIOD:			
-	Persian and Greek invasion			
-	Sixteen Mahajanapadas			
-	Rise of Magadh Empire			
7.	MAURYAN EMPIRE:			
-	Political and Administrative Contribution of Chandragupt			
-	Cultural contribution of Ashoka			
-	Mauryan Administration			
8.	GUPTA EMPIRE:			
-	Political and cultural contribution of Samudragupta and			
	Chandragupta - II			
-	Cultural Development during the Gupta Period			
	Post Gupta Period			
9.	ARCHITECTURE IN ANCIENT INDIA:			
	Dools out 6 - 1:			

Rock-cut Architecture

Stupa Architecture

Temple Architecture in North and South India.

10. SCULPTURE AND PAINTING IN ANCIENT INDIA:

- Gandhar School of Art
- Mathura School of Art
- Ajanta Painting

Recommended Books

- 1. Mujumdar, R. C. and Pusalkar. A. D. (Ed.), 1950, The Vedic Age: Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Bombay.
- Shastri, K. A. N. and Shrinivaschari, G., 1970, Advanced History of India, McMillan and Co., London.
- Shastri, K. A. N., 1966. History of South India (IHrd Ed.). Motilal Banarasidas, Banaras.
- Raychoudhari, H. C., 1950, Political History of Ancient India (5th Ed.), University of Calcutta, Calcutta.
- Thapar, Romila, 1973. Ashoka and the Decline of Mauryas (2nd Ed.), Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- Dhavlikar, M. K., 1997, Protohistory of India, Books and Books, New Delhi.
- 7. Bhide, G. L., 1996, Prachin Bharat, Phadke Prakashan, Kolhapur (Marathi).
- Mate, M. S., Prachin Bharatiya Kala, Continental Prakashan, Pune (Marathi).
- Deglurkar, G. B., Dhavh'kar, M. K., and Gaikwad, R. D., Prachin Bharatacha Sanskrutik Itihas, Continental Prakashan, Pune (Marathi).
- Deo, S. B., Puratatvavidya, Maharashtra Grantha Nirmiti Mandal, Nagpur (Marathi).
- Bhide, G. L., Prachin Bharatiya Samajik Sansthancha Itihas, Phadke Prakashan, Kolhapur (Marathi).
- Gayadhani and Rahurkar, Prachin Bharatacha Itihasa, Continental Prakashan, Pune (Marathi).

8. HISTORY

OUTLINE OF WORLD HISTORY

- Topic No. 1: Ancient Civilizations India, China, Egypt, Greece and Rome.
- Topic No. 2: Renaissance, Reformation and Geographical Discoveries.
- Topic No. 3: Grand Monarchs Akbar, Shivaji, Louis the 14th, Peter the Great Fredrick the Great.
- Topic No. 4: Revolutions American (1776), French (1789), Industri Revolution and Russian Revolution (1917).
- Topic No. 5: Growth of Nationalism and Democracy in the 19th Century Italy, Germany and England.
- Topic No. 6: Modern Imperialism Causes and Effects.
- Topic No. 7: Two World Wars Causes and Effects.
- Topic No. 8: Growth of Nationalism in India

BOOKS FOR STUDY 1

- J. E. Swain- A History of World Civilization
- Webster and Wolf- History Of Civilzation 1. 2.
- Davies An Outline History of the World. 3.
- B. V. Rao-Concise Book of World History. 4.
- व. मं. शिरसीकर-जगाचा इतिहास. 4.
- ओतूरकर, पोतनीस, महाजन-जगाचा संक्षिप्त इतिहास. ξ.
- प्र. रा. फडके अर्वाचीन जगाचा इतिहास 19.
 - प्रा. गायकवाड, भोसले, पाटील मानव जातीचा इतिहास 6.
 - हेर्लेकर, सावंत -क्रांतीयुग आणि राष्ट्रवाद 9.
 - थोरात, गायकवाड, कदम आधुनिक जग भाग १ व २. 80 .-

9. ECONOMICS

- Nature of Economics
- a) Definition Adam Smith, Marshall, Robins.
- b) Scope of economics.
- c) Basic concepts-goods, utility, value, wealth, welfare.
- II) Demand: Utility and indifference curve analysis, Law of demand.
- III) Supply Land

Labour Theories of population Division of Labour - Localization of Industries.

Capital Organisation -Cost of production and supply, Laws of Returns.

IV) Market

Pricing under perfect competition & Monopoly.

V) Distribution

Theory of Distribution

Rent-Ricardian theory and Modern theory

Interest-classical, Liquidity preference and Loanable fund theory.

Wages-Money and real wages. Wage differentials theories of wages.

Profit-Gross and net profit, Risk, uncertainty theory of Profit.

VI) Money & Banking: Functions of Money. Quantity theory of Money functions of commercial Banks and Central Banks.

VII) International Trade

Comparative cost theory: gains from Trade Balance of Trade and Balance of Payment causes of disequilibrium in thebalance of payments.

VIII) Public Finance

Private finance / Public finance.

Cannons of taxation progressive /proportional, Regressive tax syst sources of revenue and heads of public expenditure. Books

- आधुनिक अर्थशास्त्राची मूलतत्त्वे (एस.चाँद आणि कंपनी) के. के. णिबेट, जे.वर्मा.
- २. अर्थशास्त्राचा अभ्यास भावे, केळकर भाग -१ व२.
- ३. बी. ए. भाग- १व२ साठी निर्धारित केलेली सर्व पुस्तके.

10. POLITICAL SCIENCE

- 1. Basic Concepts State, Nation, Government and Sovereignty.
- 2. Meaning of Constitutions Types of Constitutions.
- Montesquies Theory of Seperation of Powers.
- 4. Types of Democracies.
 - (i) Presidential (ii) Parliamentary Role of Executive, Legislature and Judiciary.
- 5. Modern Indian Political Thinkers :
 - (a) B. G. Tilak
 - (b) M. G. Ranade
 - (c) B. R. Ambedkar
- 6. United Nations Success and Failures.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE

- 1. Political Science : B. K. Gokhale
- 2. Modern Political Theory : S. P. Verma.
- 3. Elements of Political Science : A. C. Kapur.
- ४. सुलभ आधुनिक राज्यशास्त्र : डॉ. नवलगुंदकर, नेंद्र प्रकाशन.
- ५. सुलभ राज्यशास्त्र : प्रा. व. म. शिरसीकर
- ६. राज्यशास्त्राची मुलतत्तवे : चिं. ग. घांग्रेकर

11. PSYCHOLOGY

100 Marks

- The Nature and scope of General Psychology. The Psychological Services in Social life. The method of Psychology - Observation, Clinical, Casehistory, Experimental.
- The Motives: The kinds: Social Physiological Conflicts of motives.
 Defence mechanisms.
- Learning: Nature of learning Methods of learning Trial & Error, Conditioning Insight.
- The nature and scope of Social Psychology. Social groups: Kinds. Social Interactions.
- The nature of Industrial Psychology An Industrial Accedents, Causes. .
 Prevention.
- 6. Leadership Nature, Kinds, Functions, Characteristics.
- Personality Social and Biological factors-personality Traits and types.
- 8. The Psychology of Individual Differences. Heredity and Environment.
- Normal and Abnormal Behaviour. The major kinds of Abnormalities Psychonearosis, Psychosis, Mental Deficiency, Anhsonial.
- 10. Mental Deficiency: Various classifications Causes, Symptoms Rehabilitation

Books for Study

- 1. Introduction to Psychology Morgan and King (5th Ed.)
- Social Psychology Kuppuswamy.
- Industrial Psychology Dr. Bhagawatwar
- 4. Abnormal Psychology Page

- ५. सामान्य मानसशास्त्र तडसरे- हिरवे
- ६. सामाजिक मानसशास्त्र गोगटे-अकोलकर
- ७: मनोविकृतीशास्त्र चं.ग.देशपांडे
- ८. औद्योगिक मानसशास्त्र डॉ. भागवंतवार

N. B. - Nature of question paper:

 The candidate shall attempt 5 questions out of 10 questions. (All Questions carry equal marks)

12. PHILOSOPHY

- The Upanishadic background of Philosophy. Common characteristics of the Indian Systems of Philosophy.
- Buddhism: The Buddhist search for the freedom from sorrow. The four noble truths. The Theory of twelve causes. Eight - fold path.
- The Vedant System: Nature of the World. The doctrine of Maya. Nature of the Self and Brahman. Concept of Moksha.
- Beginning of Modern Western Philosophy. Descartes' Method of doubt. 'Cogito Ezgo Sum'. Proofs for the existence of God. Dualism of matter and mind.
- 5. Locke: Locke's Theory of Empirical knowledge. His theory of substance.
- The problems, nature and scope of ethics. The notions of Right and Good. Customary and Reflective morality.
- 7. Kant's Ethical Theory: Categorical Imperatives. The notion of Goodwill
- Hedonism Egoistic and Universalistic. Utilitarianism of Bentham and Mill.
- Nature and Value of philosophy. Philosophy and Metaphysics. Nature o knowledge. The a priori and empirical elements in knowledge.
- Human Freedom, Determinism and Indeterminism. Classifications o values. The highest value.

BOOKS FOR STUDY

- Introduction to Indian Philosophy, Chatterji and Dutta.
- २. भारतीय तत्वज्ञान ह. दीक्षित

- 3. A History of Modern Philosophy, Wright W. H.
- 4. A History of Philosophy -Frank Thilly.
- ५. पाश्चात्य तत्वज्ञानाचा इतहास (खंड२) गं.ना.जोशी.
- ६. नीतिमीमांसा श्रीनिवास दीक्षित.
- 7. An Introduction to Ethics, William Lillie.
- 8. The Fundamental Questions of Philosophy, A. C. Ewing.
- ६. नीतिमीमांसा श्रीनिवास दीक्षितं.

13. SOCIOLOGY

Sociology - As a Science ;

Subject Matter - Scientific Nature of Sociology its relationship with other Social Science

II) Basic Concepts:

- A) Social Interaction Nature and Types of Interaction
- i) Co-operation
- ii) Conflict
- iii) Competition
- B) Socialization: Stages and agencies of socialization.
- C) Social Groups: Concept of Social Group and basis of its classification
- D) Social Stratification: Nature and types.
- E) Social Change: Meaning and factors affecting Social Change.

III) Social Institutions in India:

- A) Concept of Social Institution
- B) Family: Characteristics and types.
- C) Marriage: Characteristics and types
- D) Caste: Characteristics

IV) Sociological Thinkers

A) Auguste Comte: Social Statics and dynamics, Law of three stages.

- B) Karl Marx: Historical Materialism, Theory of Class, Conflict and Change.
- C) Emile Durkhein: Social facts, Mechanical & Organic Solidarity
 Types of Suicide and Its Interpretation.
- Maxwweber: Definition of Sociology Types of Authority Protestar Ethic and spirit of Capitalism.

V) Research Methods

- A) Steps in Scientific Method
- B) Major techniques of data collection
 - 1) Observation
 - 2) Interview Schedule
 - 3) Mailed Questionnaire

References:

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- Harlambous M.: Sociology Themes & Perspectives: Bell & Heymen 1985.
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- Kapadia, K. M.: Marriage & Family in India, Oxford Universit Press, Bombay, 1966.

- Prabhu, Pandharinath H.: Hindu Social Organization: A Study in Socio - Psychological and Ideological/oundations, Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1940.
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- 13. Mandelbaum David: Society in India, Popular Prakashan, 1972.
- 14. Karve Iravati: Hindu Society An Interpretation, 1961.
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- 19. Dumont Louis: Homo-Hierarchicus, Vikas, New Delhi, 1970.
- Singh, Yogendra: Modernization of Indian Tradition, Thomson Press
 Delhi, 1973.
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- २२. वैद्य नि.स. : समाजशास्त्रीय विचार परंपरा, महाराष्ट्र विद्यापीठ ग्रंथनिर्मिती मंडळ, पुणे, १९८१
- २३. भांडारकर पु.ल. व वैद्य नि.स. : समाजशास्त्र मूलभूत संकल्पना, नेरंद्र प्रकाशन, पुणे -२,१९९६
- २४. साळुंखे सर्जेराव : समाजशास्त्रातील मूलभूत संकल्पना, नरेंद्र प्रकाशन, पुणे-२,१९९६.
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- Coser, Lewis A.: "Masters o/Sociological Thought", Harcourt Base, New York, 1971.

- Abraham F. & Morgan : Modern Sociological Thought.
- Timashebb N. S. & Theodorson G. A.: Sociological Theory It's 27. Nature & Growth, Random House, New York, 1976. 28.
- Wilkinson T. S. & Bhandarkar P. L.: Methodology and Techniques (Social Research, Bombay, Himalaya Prakashan, 1982. 29.
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 - नाडगोंडे गुरूनाथ : सामाजिक संशोधन पध्दती, फडके प्रकाशन, कोल्ह 36. 3996
 - Syoberg G. & Neet Roges: Methodology For Social Research', I 39. & Row, New York, 1968.
 - Jahoda M. M.; Deutsch & Cook S. W.: Research Methods in Relations, Rinehart & Winston, 1972. 40.

14. GEOGRAPHY

Note:

The question paper shall carry 100 marks and will be of thre i)

question.

- ii) There will be 10 questions divided equally in to Two sections.
- iii) The candidate is required to answer in all FIVE questions selecting any THREE from section 'A' and any Two from Section 'B'.
- iv) All questions shall carry equal marks.
- v) Both the sections should be attempted in one and the same answerbook.

Section-A

- Nature and scope of Geography. Major branches of Geography.
- Landforms and weathering world distribution of Mountains, Plateaus and Plains - Weathering and Mass wasting - Man as a geomorphic agent.
- Evolution of a graded stream landmass rejuvenation.
- Atmosphere Composition and structure of the atmoshere Horizontal distribution of temperature Inversion of Temperature - Atmospheric pressure and winds.
- Humidity Types of humidity Types of Clouds Types of Precipitation
 Major climatic regions of the world.
- Concept of Ecosystem Man environment relationships. Determinism and possibilism.

Section-B

- Major types of agriculture in the world and their characteristics.
- Growth and distribution of world population. Concepts of under, over and optimum population. Processes and patterns of urbanization in the world.
- Distribution of major mineral production in the world. (Coal, Petroleum, Iron ore)
- 10. Distribution of major industries in the world. (Textile, Iron steel,

Automobile and electronics)

11. Settlements Origin, types functions and landuse of Urban settlement

References:

- 1. Strahler and Strahler: Modern Physical Geography, John Wiley & Soi (1978)
- 2. Trewartha G. T.: Introduction to climate, McGraw Hill. New Jersey (19'
- Alexander J. W.: Economic Geography, Prentice Hall of India New De (1978)
- 4. Chandana R. C.: A geography of Population, Kalyani Publishers N Delhi. (1986)
- Carter, Harold: Study of Urban Geography, Pergoman Press New y (1974).

15, MATHEMATICS (Marks 100, Time: 3 hours)

Note: The question paper consists of 5 questions, one on each of the follow sections. There will be an option to each question. All questions carry edmarks.

Section-I

ALGEBRA

Definitions and examples of group, ring, integral domain, field, Vector sp Langrages theorem on groups, Isomorphism and Homomorphism of ri Range and kernel of a linear map.

Section-II

CALCULUS

Continuous function of real variable, Rolle's theorem with simple illustrat Talor's theorem, Maclaurin's series.

Double integra, change of order of integral, application to areas and vol

Section-III

DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

First order and First degree differential equations, linear differential equa

with constant coefficients. Total differential equation P dx + q dy + R dz = 0, Partial differential equations of first order of the type pP + qQ = R.

Section-IV

COMPLEX ANALYSIS

De Moiver's theorem, roots of unity, Cauchy - Riemann equations, Cauchy's integral formula, Residue theorem, Evaluation of inegrals.

Section-V

SPECIAL TOPICS

Definitions of Mathematics (Aristotle, Descartes Hilbert), Definitions of function (Leibnitz, Euler, Dirichlet), Remarkable functions (Riemann, Weierstrass) the small-big set (center's set), algebra of electrical switches.

Reference Books

- 1. Differential Calculus by Shanti Narayan.
- 2. Differential equations by Diwan and Agashe.
- 3. Differential equations by D. A. Murray.
- Calculus and differential equations by H. V. Kumbhojkar and G. V. Kumbhojkar.
- 5. Algebra and Trigonometry Vaze, Gosavi.
- 6. Elementary Abstract Algebra Vaze.
- 7. Modern Algebra Sharma Sheth.
- 8. Complex Numbers W. Ledermann.
- 9. Mathematical Analysis Shanti Narayan.
- 10. Integral Calculus Shanti Narayan.
- A Survey of Modern Algebra by Birkhoff and Mac Lane (Macmillan 1965).
- 12. Linear Algebra: Heffman and Kunze, (East West Press).
- 13. Topics in Algebra -1. N. Herstein.
- 14. Functions of a complex variable by Shanti Narayan.
- L. Radhakrishna History, Culture, Excitement and Relevance of Mathematics.
- 16. Complex Analysis Sharma.